# Wilcoxon Research

#### **Features**

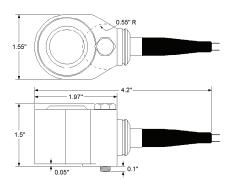
- Peak equivalent, true RMS, or true peak
- Optional dynamic signal output
- Corrosion resistant
- Hermetic seal
- ESD protection
- Overload protection
- Reverse wiring protection

#### **Benefits**

- Choice of output: RMS, equivalent peak or true peak; permits you to choose the sensor that best fits your industrial requirements
- Provides continuous trending of overall machine vibration
- Can help guide maintenance

The 4-20 mA output of the PC423 Series is proportional to vibration. An output of 4 mA indicates a level of 0 ips or no vibration present for velocity output models and 0 g for acceleration output models. A full-scale reading of 20 mA indicates that the maximum range (RMS, or peak) of vibration is present.

The dynamic signal output is an optional addition. Any of the base sensor models can have dynamic signal output. Adding - DA to a model specifies a dynamic acceleration signal output (100 mV/g). Adding -DV to a model specifies a dynamic velocity signal output (100 mV/ips).



## Model PC423 Series Side exit, 4-20mA, integral cable (LPS™)

Output, 4-20 mA  Full scale, 20 mA (±5%)  Frequency response: ±10% ±3 dB  Repeatability  Transverse sensitivity, max.		10 Hz - 1.0 kHz 4 Hz - 2 kHz ±2%	10 Hz - 1.0 kHz 4 Hz - 2 kHz ±2%	
-	(optional)	•	PC423xxx-yy-DV 100mV/is 1.5 ips @1kHz	
±3 dB Amplitude nonlinearity, Resonant frequency, mo	maximumunted, nominal	1% 21 kHz	2.5 Hz - 1.8 kHz	
Loop resistance <sup>1</sup> at 24 VI Turn on time, 4-20 mA lo Grounding	o wire loop power): and red wire) DC, maximumop	700Ω 30 seconds		
Environmental Temperature range Vibration limit Shock limit Sealing		250 g peak 2,500 g peak	250 g peak 2,500 g peak	
Physical Sensing element design Weight Case material Mounting Cabling		320 grams 316L stainless ste 1/4 - 28 captive be	320 grams 316L stainless steel 1/4 - 28 captive bolt	
PC423xxx-yy Wire color Shield Red Black White	PC423xxx-yy-Dz wire color shield red black white	function ground loop positive (+) loop negative (-) dynamic signal (o not used	ptional)	
Yellow	yellow	not used		

### See notes on back

green

Green

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not used

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Notes: 1 maximum loop resistance (RL) can be calculated by:

RL (max. resistance) = 
$$\frac{V_{DC power} - 10 \text{ V}}{20 \text{ mA}}$$

DC supply	RL	RL (minimum wattage
voltage	(max resistance) <sup>2</sup>	capability)³
12VDC	100Ω	1/8 watt
20VDC	700.	1/4 watt
24VDC	700.	1/2 watt
26VDC	800.Ω	1/2 watt
30VDC	1.0Ω	1/2 watt

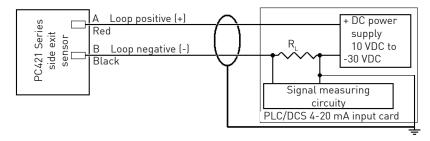
 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Lower resistance is allowed, greater than  $10\Omega$  recommended

Table 1: PC423xxx-yy-Dz Model number selection

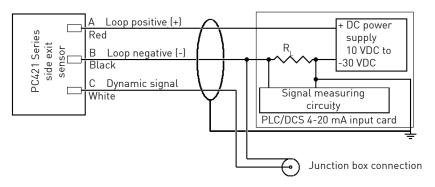
xxx (4-20 mA output type)	-yy (full scale)	-Dz (dynamic output) <sup>A</sup>	
AR = acceleration, RMS	-05 = 5 g (49 m/sec2)	-DA = dynamic acceleration	100 mV/g
AP = acceleration, equivalent peak <sup>B</sup>	-10 = 10 g (98 m/sec2)		(10.2 mV/ m/sec2)
ATP = acceleration, true peak <sup>c</sup>	-20 = 20 g (196 m/sec2)	-DV = dynamic velocity	100 mV/ips
			(3.94 mV/ mm/sec)
VR = velocity, RMS	-05 = 0.5 i.p.s. (12.8 mm/sec)	-DA = dynamic acceleration	100 mV/g
VP = velocity, equivalent peak <sup>B</sup>	-10 = 1.0 i.p.s. (25.4 mm/sec)		(10.2 mV/ m/sec2)
VTP = velocity, true peak <sup>c</sup>	-20 = 2.0 i.p.s. (50.8 mm/sec)	-DV = dynamic velocity	100 mV/ips
	-30 = 3.0 i.p.s. (76.2 mm/sec)		(3.94 mV/ mm/sec)
	-50 = 5.0 i.p.s. (127 mm/sec)		

A Dynamic output is an option on all models. If dynamic output option is not desired, do not add -DA or -DV to the model number.

## PC423xxx-yy wiring



### PC423xxx-yy-Dz wiring



All wire and cable used for installation of the PC423 Series sensor should be shielded. Generally accepted instrumentation wiring practice considers the best way to ground the shield is to connect it at only one end of the cable. The shield should not be wired to ground at both ends of the cable. The Wilcoxon PC423 Series sensor has the shield connected to the case at the sensor end of the cable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Minimum R<sub>1</sub> wattage determined by: (0.0004 x R<sub>1</sub>)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Equivalent peak output is developed based on the true RMS value of vibration. For a pure sine wave, the equivalent peak output is 1.414 times the RMS value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> True peak output is based on the actual measured peak value using the time waveform and is not based on the RMS calculation.